

## Fixative-eXchange (FX)-seq: a platform for transcriptomics analysis of PFA-Fixed and FFPE Samples

Han-Eol Park<sup>1,2,3,4,†</sup>, Yu Tak Lee<sup>1,2,†</sup>, Jaewon Lee<sup>1</sup>, Chae Young Byun<sup>1</sup>, Junsuk Lee<sup>2</sup>, Hyelin Ji<sup>2,3</sup>, Young-Lan Song<sup>2,3</sup>, Go Eun Ha<sup>5</sup>, Sung-Yon Kim<sup>6</sup>, Junho K. Hur<sup>7</sup>, Eunji Cheong<sup>5</sup>, Eunha Kim<sup>8</sup>, Chung Whan Lee<sup>9</sup>, Yoon Dae Han<sup>11</sup>, Hyunki Kim<sup>11</sup>, and Chang Ho Sohn<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup>

†These authors contributed equally to this work.

\*Correspondence: Chang Ho Sohn ([chsohn@kaist.ac.kr](mailto:chsohn@kaist.ac.kr))

<sup>1</sup>Graduate School of Medical Science and Engineering, KAIST, <sup>2</sup>Graduate Program in Nanobiomedical Engineering, Advanced Science Institute, Yonsei University, <sup>3</sup>Center for Nanomedicine, Institute for Basic Science, Yonsei University, <sup>4</sup>School of Biological Sciences, Seoul National University, <sup>5</sup>Department of Biotechnology, College of Life Science and Biotechnology, Yonsei University,

<sup>6</sup>Department of Chemistry, Seoul National University, <sup>7</sup>Department of Genetics, College of Medicine, Hanyang University,

<sup>8</sup>Department of Molecular Science & Technology, Ajou University, <sup>9</sup>Department of Chemistry, Gachon University, <sup>10</sup>Department of Surgery, College of Medicine, Yonsei University, <sup>11</sup>Department of Pathology, College of Medicine, Yonsei University

Single-cell transcriptomic profiling of fixed tissues holds immense potential to bridge molecular biology with structural and clinical insights. Paraformaldehyde (PFA)-fixed samples provide essential spatial context in neuroscience, while clinical formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) archives offer access to annotated pathological specimens and patient outcomes. Yet, this promise has remained largely unrealized due to fixation-induced damage that severely compromises reverse transcription (RT) efficiency, limiting current protocols to fresh or frozen tissues.

Here, we introduce Fixative-eXchange sequencing (FX-seq), a robust and scalable method for single-nucleus RNA sequencing from PFA-fixed and FFPE-treated specimens. FX-seq integrates two key innovations: (1) an organo-catalyst that removes PFA crosslinks under mild conditions to improve *in situ* RT yield, and (2) a regiospecific platinum-based crosslinker that prevents RNA leakage without inhibiting RT. Using FX-seq, we obtained high-quality transcriptomic data from PFA-fixed mouse brain and FFPE-preserved human cancer tissues, demonstrating its broad utility.

By leveraging the intrinsic stability of fixed samples, FX-seq enables efficient multiplexed profiling across multiple timepoints and subjects. This flexibility supports diverse applications, including single-nucleus spatial transcriptomics, multiplexed tissue analysis, and high-resolution snRNA-seq from small anatomical subregions. FX-seq thus establishes a powerful framework for unlocking transcriptomic information from archival and structurally preserved specimens across both basic and clinical research domains.